fedora 26 man.m.sourcentral.org

```
explain_printf(3) explain_printf(3)
```

NAME

explain_printf - explain printf(3) errors

SYNOPSIS

```
#include #include ibexplain/printf.h>
const char *explain_printf(const char *format);
const char *explain_errno_printf(int errnum, const char *format);
void explain_message_printf(char *message, int message_size, const char *format);
void explain_message_errno_printf(char *message, int message_size, int errnum, const char *format);
```

DESCRIPTION

These functions may be used to obtain explanations for errors returned by the *printf*(3) system call.

explain_printf

const char *explain_printf(const char *format);

The **explain_printf** function is used to obtain an explanation of an error returned by the *printf*(3) system call. The least the message will contain is the value of strerror(errno), but usually it will do much better, and indicate the underlying cause in more detail.

The errno global variable will be used to obtain the error value to be decoded.

format The original format, exactly as passed to the printf(3) system call.

Returns: The message explaining the error. This message buffer is shared by all libexplain functions which do not supply a buffer in their argument list. This will be overwritten by the next call to any libexplain function which shares this buffer, including other threads.

Note: This function is **not** thread safe, because it shares a return buffer across all threads, and many other functions in this library.

Example: This function is intended to be used in a fashion similar to the following example:

```
errno = 0;
int result = printf(format);
if (result < 0 && errno != 0)
{
    fprintf(stderr, "%s\n", explain_printf(format));
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
}</pre>
```

The above code example is available pre-packaged as the *explain_printf_or_die*(3) function.

explain_errno_printf

const char *explain_errno_printf(int errnum, const char *format);

The **explain_errno_printf** function is used to obtain an explanation of an error returned by the *printf*(3) system call. The least the message will contain is the value of strerror(errno), but usually it will do much better, and indicate the underlying cause in more detail.

The error value to be decoded, usually obtained from the *errno* global variable just before this function is called. This is necessary if you need to call **any** code between the system call to be explained and this function, because many libc functions will alter the value of *errno*.

format The original format, exactly as passed to the printf(3) system call.

Returns: The message explaining the error. This message buffer is shared by all libexplain functions which do not supply a buffer in their argument list. This will be overwritten by the next call to any libexplain function which shares this buffer, including other threads.

Note: This function is **not** thread safe, because it shares a return buffer across all threads, and many other functions in this library.

Example: This function is intended to be used in a fashion similar to the following example:

```
errno = 0;
int result = printf(format);
if (result < 0 && errno != 0)
{
   int err = errno;
   fprintf(stderr, "%s\n", explain_errno_printf(err, format));</pre>
```



fedora 26 man.m.sourcentral.org

explain_printf(3) explain_printf(3)

```
exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
}
```

The above code example is available pre-packaged as the *explain_printf_or_die*(3) function.

explain_message_printf

void explain message printf(char *message, int message size, const char *format);

The **explain_message_printf** function is used to obtain an explanation of an error returned by the *printf*(3) system call. The least the message will contain is the value of strerror(errno), but usually it will do much better, and indicate the underlying cause in more detail.

The errno global variable will be used to obtain the error value to be decoded.

message The location in which to store the returned message. If a suitable message return buffer is supplied, this function is thread safe.

message size

The size in bytes of the location in which to store the returned message.

format The original format, exactly as passed to the printf(3) system call.

Example: This function is intended to be used in a fashion similar to the following example:

```
errno = 0;
int result = printf(format);
if (result < 0 && errno != 0)
{
    char message[3000];
    explain_message_printf(message, sizeof(message), format);
    fprintf(stderr, "%s\n", message);
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
}</pre>
```

The above code example is available pre-packaged as the *explain_printf_or_die*(3) function.

explain_message_errno_printf

void explain_message_errno_printf(char *message, int message_size, int errnum, const char *format);

The **explain_message_errno_printf** function is used to obtain an explanation of an error returned by the *printf*(3) system call. The least the message will contain is the value of strerror(errno), but usually it will do much better, and indicate the underlying cause in more detail.

message The location in which to store the returned message. If a suitable message return buffer is supplied, this function is thread safe.

message_size

The size in bytes of the location in which to store the returned message.

errnum The error value to be decoded, usually obtained from the errno global variable just before this function is called. This is necessary if you need to call **any** code between the system call to be explained and this function, because many libc functions will alter the value of errno.

format The original format, exactly as passed to the *printf*(3) system call.

Example: This function is intended to be used in a fashion similar to the following example:

```
errno = 0;
int result = printf(format);
if (result < 0 && errno != 0)
{
   int err = errno;
   char message[3000];
   explain_message_errno_printf(message, sizeof(message), err,
   format);
   fprintf(stderr, "%s\n", message);
   exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
}</pre>
```

The above code example is available pre-packaged as the *explain_printf_or_die*(3) function.



fedora 26 man.m.sourcentral.org

explain_printf(3) explain_printf(3)

SEE ALSO

COPYRIGHT

libexplain version 1.4 Copyright © 2010 Peter Miller

