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```
explain_setgid(3) explain_setgid(3)
```

NAME

explain_setgid - explain setgid(2) errors

SYNOPSIS

```
#include ibexplain/setgid.h>
const char *explain_setgid(gid_t gid);
const char *explain_errno_setgid(int errnum, gid_t gid);
void explain_message_setgid(char *message, int message_size, gid_t gid);
void explain_message_errno_setgid(char *message, int message_size, int errnum, gid_t gid);
```

DESCRIPTION

These functions may be used to obtain explanations for errors returned by the *setgid*(2) system call.

explain_setgid

```
const char *explain_setgid(gid_t gid);
```

The **explain_setgid** function is used to obtain an explanation of an error returned by the *setgid*(2) system call. The least the message will contain is the value of strerror(errno), but usually it will do much better, and indicate the underlying cause in more detail.

The errno global variable will be used to obtain the error value to be decoded.

gid The original gid, exactly as passed to the setgid(2) system call.

Returns: The message explaining the error. This message buffer is shared by all libexplain functions which do not supply a buffer in their argument list. This will be overwritten by the next call to any libexplain function which shares this buffer, including other threads.

Note: This function is **not** thread safe, because it shares a return buffer across all threads, and many other functions in this library.

Example: This function is intended to be used in a fashion similar to the following example:

```
if (setgid(gid) < 0)
{
    fprintf(stderr, "%s\n", explain_setgid(gid));
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
}</pre>
```

The above code example is available pre-packaged as the explain setgid or die(3) function.

explain_errno_setgid

```
const char *explain_errno_setgid(int errnum, gid_t gid);
```

The **explain_errno_setgid** function is used to obtain an explanation of an error returned by the set-gid(2) system call. The least the message will contain is the value of strerror(errno), but usually it will do much better, and indicate the underlying cause in more detail.

errnum The error value to be decoded, usually obtained from the errno global variable just before this function is called. This is necessary if you need to call **any** code between the system call to be explained and this function, because many libc functions will alter the value of errno.

gid The original gid, exactly as passed to the setgid(2) system call.

Returns: The message explaining the error. This message buffer is shared by all libexplain functions which do not supply a buffer in their argument list. This will be overwritten by the next call to any libexplain function which shares this buffer, including other threads.

Note: This function is **not** thread safe, because it shares a return buffer across all threads, and many other functions in this library.

Example: This function is intended to be used in a fashion similar to the following example:

```
if (setgid(gid) < 0)
{
   int err = errno;
   fprintf(stderr, "%s\n", explain_errno_setgid(err, gid));
   exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
}</pre>
```

The above code example is available pre–packaged as the $explain_setgid_or_die(3)$ function.



explain setgid(3) explain setgid(3)

explain_message_setgid

void explain_message_setgid(char *message, int message_size, gid_t gid);

The **explain_message_setgid** function is used to obtain an explanation of an error returned by the set-gid(2) system call. The least the message will contain is the value of strerror(errno), but usually it will do much better, and indicate the underlying cause in more detail.

The errno global variable will be used to obtain the error value to be decoded.

message The location in which to store the returned message. If a suitable message return buffer is supplied, this function is thread safe.

message_size

The size in bytes of the location in which to store the returned message.

gid The original gid, exactly as passed to the setgid(2) system call.

Example: This function is intended to be used in a fashion similar to the following example:

```
if (setgid(gid) < 0)
{
    char message[3000];
    explain_message_setgid(message, sizeof(message), gid);
    fprintf(stderr, "%s\n", message);
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
}</pre>
```

The above code example is available pre-packaged as the *explain_setgid_or_die*(3) function.

explain message errno setgid

void explain_message_errno_setgid(char *message, int message_size, int errnum, gid_t gid);

The **explain_message_errno_setgid** function is used to obtain an explanation of an error returned by the *setgid*(2) system call. The least the message will contain is the value of strerror(errno), but usually it will do much better, and indicate the underlying cause in more detail.

message The location in which to store the returned message. If a suitable message return buffer is supplied, this function is thread safe.

message_size

The size in bytes of the location in which to store the returned message.

errnum The error value to be decoded, usually obtained from the errno global variable just before this function is called. This is necessary if you need to call **any** code between the system call to be explained and this function, because many libc functions will alter the value of errno.

gid The original gid, exactly as passed to the setgid(2) system call.

Example: This function is intended to be used in a fashion similar to the following example:

```
if (setgid(gid) < 0)
{
   int err = errno;
   char message[3000];
   explain_message_errno_setgid(message, sizeof(message), err,
   gid);
   fprintf(stderr, "%s\n", message);
   exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
}</pre>
```

The above code example is available pre-packaged as the $explain_setgid_or_die(3)$ function.

SEE ALSO

```
set group identity

explain_setgid_or_die(3)

set group identity and report errors
```



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