

NAME

fabs, **fabsf**, **fabsl** – absolute value of floating-point number

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <math.h>
```

```
double fabs(double x);
float fabsf(float x);
long double fabsl(long double x);
```

Link with *-lm*.

Feature Test Macro Requirements for glibc (see **feature_test_macros(7)**):

```
fabsf(), fabsl():
    _ISOC99_SOURCE || _POSIX_C_SOURCE >= 200112L
    || /* Since glibc 2.19: */ _DEFAULT_SOURCE
    || /* Glibc versions <= 2.19: */ _BSD_SOURCE || _SVID_SOURCE
```

DESCRIPTION

These functions return the absolute value of the floating-point number *x*.

RETURN VALUE

These functions return the absolute value of *x*.

If *x* is a NaN, a NaN is returned.

If *x* is -0 , $+0$ is returned.

If *x* is negative infinity or positive infinity, positive infinity is returned.

ERRORS

No errors occur.

ATTRIBUTES

For an explanation of the terms used in this section, see **attributes(7)**.

Interface	Attribute	Value
fabs() , fabsf() , fabsl()	Thread safety	MT-Safe

CONFORMING TO

C99, POSIX.1-2001, POSIX.1-2008.

The variant returning *double* also conforms to SVr4, 4.3BSD, C89.

SEE ALSO

abs(3), **cabs(3)**, **ceil(3)**, **floor(3)**, **labs(3)**, **rint(3)**

COLOPHON

This page is part of release 4.09 of the Linux *man-pages* project. A description of the project, information about reporting bugs, and the latest version of this page, can be found at <https://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/>.

