Linux Programmer's Manual GETW(3)

NAME

GETW(3)

```
getw, putw – input and output of words (ints)
```

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int getw(FILE *stream);
int putw(int w, FILE *stream);
```

Feature Test Macro Requirements for glibc (see **feature_test_macros**(7)):

```
getw(), putw():
    Since glibc 2.3.3:
        _XOPEN_SOURCE &&! (_POSIX_C_SOURCE >= 200112L)
          || /* Glibc since 2.19: */ _DEFAULT_SOURCE
          || /* Glibc versions <= 2.19: */ _BSD_SOURCE || _SVID_SOURCE
    Before glibc 2.3.3:
```

_SVID_SOURCE || _BSD_SOURCE || _XOPEN_SOURCE

DESCRIPTION

getw() reads a word (that is, an int) from stream. It's provided for compatibility with SVr4. We recommend you use **fread**(3) instead.

putw() writes the word w (that is, an int) to stream. It is provided for compatibility with SVr4, but we recommend you use **fwrite**(3) instead.

RETURN VALUE

Normally, **getw**() returns the word read, and **putw**() returns 0. On error, they return **EOF**.

ATTRIBUTES

For an explanation of the terms used in this section, see **attributes**(7).

Interface	Attribute	Value
getw(), putw()	Thread safety	MT-Safe

CONFORMING TO

SVr4, SUSv2. Not present in POSIX.1.

BUGS

The value returned on error is also a legitimate data value. ferror(3) can be used to distinguish between the two cases.

SEE ALSO

```
ferror(3), fread(3), fwrite(3), getc(3), putc(3)
```

COLOPHON

This page is part of release 4.09 of the Linux man-pages project. A description of the project, information about reporting bugs, and the latest version of this page, can be found at https://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/.



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