

ctrсна.f(3)

LAPACK

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NAME

ctrсна.f –

SYNOPSIS**Functions/Subroutines**

subroutine **ctrсна** (JOB, HOWMNY, SELECT, N, T, LDT, VL, LDVL, VR, LDVR, S, SEP, MM, M, WORK, LDWORK, RWORK, INFO)
CTRSNA

Function/Subroutine Documentation

subroutine **ctrсна** (characterJOB, characterHOWMNY, logical, dimension(*)SELECT, integerN, complex, dimension(ldt, *)T, integerLDT, complex, dimension(ldvl, *)VL, integerLDVL, complex, dimension(ldvr, *)VR, integerLDVR, real, dimension(*)S, real, dimension(*)SEP, integerMM, integerM, complex, dimension(ldwork, *)WORK, integerLDWORK, real, dimension(*)RWORK, integerINFO)
CTRSNA

Purpose:

CTRSNA estimates reciprocal condition numbers for specified eigenvalues and/or right eigenvectors of a complex upper triangular matrix T (or of any matrix $Q^*T^*Q^{**}H$ with Q unitary).

Parameters:*JOB*

JOB is CHARACTER*1

Specifies whether condition numbers are required for eigenvalues (S) or eigenvectors (SEP):

= 'E': for eigenvalues only (S);

= 'V': for eigenvectors only (SEP);

= 'B': for both eigenvalues and eigenvectors (S and SEP).

HOWMNY

HOWMNY is CHARACTER*1

= 'A': compute condition numbers for all eigenpairs;

= 'S': compute condition numbers for selected eigenpairs specified by the array SELECT.

SELECT

SELECT is LOGICAL array, dimension (N)

If HOWMNY = 'S', SELECT specifies the eigenpairs for which condition numbers are required. To select condition numbers for the j-th eigenpair, SELECT(j) must be set to .TRUE..

If HOWMNY = 'A', SELECT is not referenced.

N

N is INTEGER

The order of the matrix T. $N \geq 0$.

T

T is COMPLEX array, dimension (LDT,N)

The upper triangular matrix T.

LDT

LDT is INTEGER

The leading dimension of the array T. $LDT \geq \max(1,N)$.

VL

VL is COMPLEX array, dimension (LDVL,M)

If JOB = 'E' or 'B', VL must contain left eigenvectors of T (or of any $Q^*T^*Q^{**}H$ with Q unitary), corresponding to the



eigenpairs specified by HOWMNY and SELECT. The eigenvectors must be stored in consecutive columns of VL, as returned by CHSEIN or CTREVC.

If JOB = 'V', VL is not referenced.

LDVL

LDVL is INTEGER

The leading dimension of the array VL.

LDVL \geq 1; and if JOB = 'E' or 'B', LDVL \geq N.

VR

VR is COMPLEX array, dimension (LDVR,M)

If JOB = 'E' or 'B', VR must contain right eigenvectors of T (or of any Q^*TQ with Q unitary), corresponding to the eigenpairs specified by HOWMNY and SELECT. The eigenvectors must be stored in consecutive columns of VR, as returned by CHSEIN or CTREVC.

If JOB = 'V', VR is not referenced.

LDVR

LDVR is INTEGER

The leading dimension of the array VR.

LDVR \geq 1; and if JOB = 'E' or 'B', LDVR \geq N.

S

S is REAL array, dimension (MM)

If JOB = 'E' or 'B', the reciprocal condition numbers of the selected eigenvalues, stored in consecutive elements of the array. Thus S(j), SEP(j), and the j-th columns of VL and VR all correspond to the same eigenpair (but not in general the j-th eigenpair, unless all eigenpairs are selected).

If JOB = 'V', S is not referenced.

SEP

SEP is REAL array, dimension (MM)

If JOB = 'V' or 'B', the estimated reciprocal condition numbers of the selected eigenvectors, stored in consecutive elements of the array.

If JOB = 'E', SEP is not referenced.

MM

MM is INTEGER

The number of elements in the arrays S (if JOB = 'E' or 'B') and/or SEP (if JOB = 'V' or 'B'). MM \geq M.

M

M is INTEGER

The number of elements of the arrays S and/or SEP actually used to store the estimated condition numbers.

If HOWMNY = 'A', M is set to N.

WORK

WORK is COMPLEX array, dimension (LDWORK,N+6)

If JOB = 'E', WORK is not referenced.

LDWORK

LDWORK is INTEGER

The leading dimension of the array WORK.

LDWORK \geq 1; and if JOB = 'V' or 'B', LDWORK \geq N.

RWORK



RWORK is REAL array, dimension (N)
If JOB = 'E', RWORK is not referenced.

INFO

INFO is INTEGER
= 0: successful exit
< 0: if INFO = -i, the i-th argument had an illegal value

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Further Details:

The reciprocal of the condition number of an eigenvalue lambda is defined as

$$S(\lambda) = |v^* H u| / (\text{norm}(u) * \text{norm}(v))$$

where u and v are the right and left eigenvectors of T corresponding to lambda; $v^* H$ denotes the conjugate transpose of v, and norm(u) denotes the Euclidean norm. These reciprocal condition numbers always lie between zero (very badly conditioned) and one (very well conditioned). If n = 1, S(lambda) is defined to be 1.

An approximate error bound for a computed eigenvalue W(i) is given by

$$\text{EPS} * \text{norm}(T) / S(i)$$

where EPS is the machine precision.

The reciprocal of the condition number of the right eigenvector u corresponding to lambda is defined as follows. Suppose

$$T = \begin{pmatrix} \lambda & c \\ 0 & T_{22} \end{pmatrix}$$

Then the reciprocal condition number is

$$\text{SEP}(\lambda, T_{22}) = \sigma_{\min}(T_{22} - \lambda I)$$

where sigma-min denotes the smallest singular value. We approximate the smallest singular value by the reciprocal of an estimate of the one-norm of the inverse of $T_{22} - \lambda I$. If n = 1, SEP(1) is defined to be abs(T(1,1)).

An approximate error bound for a computed right eigenvector VR(i) is given by

$$\text{EPS} * \text{norm}(T) / \text{SEP}(i)$$

Definition at line 248 of file ctrсна.f.



Author

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